

What did you learn about the election of 1824?

- The four men that ran for the presidency were John Quincy _____, Andrew _____, William _____, and Henry _____.
- Each of these men represented a different section of the _____.
- The vote was _____, and none of the candidates won an electoral _____.
- Jackson won the most _____ vote.
- Adams won a sizeable number of _____ and _____ votes.
- The outcome was referred to the _____ _____. There each _____ had one vote.
- Adams appointed _____ his Secretary of State.
- Cries of “_____” erupted.
- People believed that Adams had won the election by promising Clay this office.

It looked as if Clay had bought a chance to become the next president by supporting Adams.

John Quincy Adams response to the outcome of the election:

“Fellow-citizens, you acquainted with the peculiar circumstances of the recent election...Less possessed of your confidence in advance than any of my predecessors, I am deeply conscious of the prospect that I shall stand more and oftener in need of your indulgence. Intentions upright and pure, a heart devoted to the welfare of our country, and the unceasing application of all the faculties allotted to me to her service are all the pledges that I can give for the faithful performances of the arduous duties I am to undertake.”

What was the reasoning behind the Indian Removal Act?

What did you read about Georgia and the Cherokee Native Americans?

- In 1828, the state of _____ passed laws that gave the _____ tribe no legal protection against the state seizure of their _____.

What was the response of the Cherokee?

- The Cherokee, however, protested that their land had been protected under a _____ with their sovereign nation, and that the state could not _____ a federal agreement.
- The Cherokee took their case to the _____ in 1832. This case is known as the Worcester v. _____.

What was the outcome of the case?

- The Supreme Court ruled that the state of Georgia had _____ to take the Cherokee's land.
- Despite the Supreme court's ruling in 1832, _____ carried out the Indian Removal Act.

What are your thoughts about Jackson ignoring the federal court decision?

Did he refuse to execute/obey the ruling of the Supreme Court?

Which Native Americans were forced to move west?

This "move" later became known as the what?

- In my opinion, this event is one of the most shameful events in American history.

However, it demonstrates the human heart is inclined to deceive. As Jeremiah 17:9 states, "the heart is deceitful above all things and beyond cure. Who can understand it?"

Texas

- What 3 European nations had controlled North America before the American Revolutionary War? _____, _____, & _____
- In 1800 there were about _____ Spanish or Mexican settlers in all of Texas.
- Mexico declares independence from Spain in _____, secured in _____.
- Mexican government gives _____ permission to establish a settlement in Texas territory.
- Who was Stephen Austin?
- Texas settlers must become _____ and _____.
- By 1825 there are _____ Anglo settlers in Texas.
- To settlers, the Mexican government was _____ and _____.
- The Law of April 6, 1830 - Mexican legislature:
ended _____,
ended _____ in Texas,
ended Anglo free trade with _____.
This angered Anglo settlers who now number over _____. It caused settlers to feel threatened and uncertain about their economic future.
- The growing number of _____ concerned the Mexican government.
- 1834 - General Antonio Lopez de _____ overthrows Mexican government and make himself _____.

- 1835 American colonists in _____ revolt against _____.
- Texas troops attack _____ (seat of Mexican government in Texas).
- The fall of San Antonio alarms _____.
- Santa Anna's forces attack the _____ from _____ to _____ . All (or nearly all) its defenders are killed in the battle.
- On _____, Texas leaders met and declared independence from Mexico.
- At nearby _____, Santa Anna ordered more than _____ Texas prisoners shot to death after they surrendered on March 27, 1836.
- Cries of "_____ the Alamo" and "_____ Goliad" became an inspiration.
- On April 21, the Texans took the Mexican by surprise, captured Santa Anna, and crushed his army at the Battle of San _____.
- This victory ended the war and guaranteed Texas _____.
- Texas remained independent from _____ to _____.
- Several presidents did not want to risk _____ with Mexico and refused Texas' request for _____.
- In 1844 rumor spread that _____ planned to annex Texas. This motivated the US to agree to annexation in _____.